Appendix I

WITNESSES INTERVIEWED BY THE COMMITTEE

State Department Officials

DIPLOMATIC SECURITY AGENTS

Of the more than 50 agents who served temporary assignments of approximately 30-45 days in Benghazi, 19 were interviewed. Of this 19, four were agents who survived the attacks on September 11, 2012, and who had not been previously interviewed by any committee of Congress. The fifth survivor had been interviewed previously by the House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

The five agents from Diplomatic Security who were in Benghazi on the night of the attacks deserve the enduring gratitude of all Americans for their heroic efforts on the night of the attacks. The Committee commends their dedication to their country, the selflessness shown to their colleagues, and the bravery and astuteness they demonstrated during the attacks.

Fifteen other agents interviewed by the Select Committee served in Benghazi between April 2011 and September 2012. Each agent served at different times and therefore was able to provide the Committee with insight on the continuing spectrum of security challenges faced in Benghazi during the 18 months the United States maintained a presence. The Committee notes that these agents, as well as those not interviewed, served in Benghazi under difficult circumstances. Their ability to protect U.S. government personnel under such circumstances is a testament to the commitment each has to this country and to their colleagues. They all deserve our thanks.

1 Out of security and privacy concerns, the Committee has not used the names of certain executive employees, and has, instead, used the person’s title or some other descriptor to identify the person. For example, given security concerns facing Diplomatic Security agents who serve around the world—often in dangerous places—the Committee assigned numbers to these agents. Throughout the report, and in this appendix, the Committee listed the person’s title or position held during the relevant time period.
Apart from those who served in Benghazi, the Committee interviewed other agents and employees of the Diplomatic Security Service. One agent was in the Diplomatic Security Command Center on the day of the attacks. Another agent coordinated staffing assignments for Benghazi, among other things. The Committee interviewed the former Deputy Assistant Secretary for International Programs who was involved in staffing the Benghazi Mission. The Committee also interviewed two persons who dealt with the physical security of the facilities, one was a physical security specialist and the other was the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Countermeasures in 2011-2012.

Attack Survivors

**Diplomatic Security Agent # 3**—Interviewed by the House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform on October 8, 2013: The fifth agent present in Benghazi on September 11, 2012. This Special Agent joined Diplomatic Security in 2009 and his first permanent or long-term overseas assignment was as an Assistant Regional Security Officer to Embassy Tripoli. He arrived in Tripoli in June 2012 and on August 30, 2012, was sent to Benghazi to be the head agent, or Acting Regional Security Officer.

**Diplomatic Security Agent # 1**—March 6, 2015: Joined Diplomatic Security as a Special Agent in 2011 after eight years in the U.S. military, where he specialized in explosives disposal. Arrived in Tripoli in mid-August 2012 for a 60 day assignment. Traveled with Stevens and another agent to Benghazi on September 10, 2012.

**Diplomatic Security Agent # 4**—March 16, 2015: Joined Diplomatic Security as a Special Agent in 2010 after serving approximately five years in the Army. He arrived in Benghazi in early to mid-August for a temporary assignment. He was on the roof at the Annex as the attacks continued and was severely injured by mortar fire.

**Diplomatic Security Agent # 2**—March 19, 2015: Joined Diplomatic Security as a Special Agent in 2011 following seven-and-a-half years in the Army. Arrived in Tripoli in early August for a temporary assignment. Traveled with the Ambassador and another agent to Benghazi on September 10, 2012.

**Diplomatic Security Agent # 5**—April 1, 2015: Joined Diplomatic Security as a Special Agent in 2011 following five years with the Navy, where he specialized in search and rescue operations. Arrived in Ben-
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ghazi in early August for a temporary assignment. Secured the Ambassador and Sean Smith in the makeshift safe haven when the attacks began.

Other Agents Assigned in Benghazi

Diplomatic Security Agent # 6—February 10, 2015: Headed the protective detail for Stevens when Stevens first went into Benghazi in April 2011. The agent met up with Stevens in Europe in mid-March and then traveled to Benghazi in early April and remained there until early May 2011.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 9—February 12, 2015: Along with another agent, was sent to join the initial protective detail approximately two weeks after Stevens and his team arrived in Benghazi, bringing the number of agents in Stevens’s protective detail up to 10.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 27—February 19, 2015: Was the second agent sent to join the initial protective detail approximately two weeks after Stevens team arrived in Benghazi, bringing the number of agents in Steven’s protective detail up to 10.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 18—February 24, 2015: Joined Diplomatic Security in 1999 following ten years of prior military service. This agent was sent to Benghazi in late October 2011 for approximately 55 days to be the lead security agent.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 7—February 26, 2015: A Special Agent since 1986, and in 2011 was the Director of the State Department’s specialized tactical unit in Diplomatic Security, known as Mobile Security Deployment. This agent went to Benghazi in early May 2011 to take over as head of Stevens’ protective detail, replacing the initial agent-in-charge. He was in Benghazi when the initial search for a State Department diplomatic and housing compound began.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 15—March 12, 2015: Joined Diplomatic Security in 2001 and went to Benghazi in early January 2012 until mid-February. This agent was in Benghazi for the first anniversary of the revolution.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 22—March 24, 2015: A Special Agent since 2012, he was in Benghazi from late May through the end of July 2012. He was present for the second attack against the compound wall, the attack against the British Ambassador, and the Libyan elections.
Diplomatic Security Agent # 10—April 2, 2015: A Special Agent since 2009, this agent went to Benghazi for six weeks from late November 2011 through the end of the year. Before he left, there was a real concern that no agents would be in Benghazi in early January.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 12—April 9, 2015: A Special Agent since 2006 following service in the Marine Corps. This agent was temporarily assigned in Benghazi from early February through March 2012.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 16—April 13, 2015: Joined the Diplomatic Security Service in 2011 following both service in the Marine Corps and as a Special Agent with other federal law enforcement agencies. This agent was temporarily assigned to Benghazi from early March through mid-April 2012.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 8—April 15, 2015: Special Agent with the Diplomatic Security who was in Benghazi from the end of July 2012 to the end of August 2012 as the Acting Regional Security Officer or lead agent.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 21—May 19, 2015: A Special Agent with Diplomatic Security since 2003, was permanently assigned to Tripoli in summer 2012. In August 2012, he covered Benghazi for a short period of time and was back in Tripoli on the night of the attack.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 13—May 21, 2015: A Special Agent since 1999 with former Marine Security Guard experience, was temporarily assigned to Benghazi from mid-September 2011 to late October. Initially he had 10 agents in his detail to protect Stevens and his staff.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 17—August 21, 2015: A Special Agent since 1997, she was assigned to Benghazi as the lead agent from early April to the end of May 2012.

Diplomatic Security Agent # 29—April 28, 2016: This agent was part of the initial eight-member protective detail for Stevens, arriving in Benghazi on April 5, 2011.

Headquarter Special Agents

Lamb, Charlene—January 7, 2016: Deputy Assistant Secretary for International Programs, Diplomatic Security. The International Programs
section manages programs and policies that protect the Department of State's missions and personnel overseas.

**Smith, Gentry**—February 25, 2016: Deputy Assistant Secretary for Countermeasures, Diplomatic Security. The Countermeasures section is responsible for all the physical and technical security requirements for all U.S. diplomatic missions, both domestic and overseas, as well as manages the diplomatic courier operations for the State Department.

**Physical Security Specialist**—April 6, 2016: A Special Agent with Diplomatic Security until retirement in 2001, he returned to Diplomatic Security as a contractor working as a physical security specialist with agents assigned overseas, including Libya, on implementing physical security projects.

**Diplomatic Security Agent # 30**—August 19, 2015: A Special Agent with Diplomatic Security since 2001, was assigned to the Diplomatic Security Command Center [DSCC] from 2011 through 2013 as the senior watch officer. The DSCC operates around the clock to monitor and report threat information concerning all U.S. diplomatic facilities worldwide.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS WHO SERVED IN BENGHAZI

Following the departure of Stevens from Benghazi in late November 2011, the State Department sent a series of Foreign Service officers to Benghazi to conduct outreach with the rebel leaders and report on the political, economic and security situation in the eastern portion of Libya. The Committee interviewed four of the six individuals who served as the “Principal Officer” in Benghazi. Three who served the longest periods of time, ranging from 60-100 days, were interviewed. The fourth interviewed was in Benghazi for 13 days in early September 2012, and returned to Tripoli before the attacks.

**Principal Officer # 1**—March 3, 2015: A Foreign Service officer since 1998, who was temporarily assigned to Benghazi from November 2011 to February 2012. Principal Officer # 1 was the first principal officer assigned following the departure of Stevens from Benghazi.

**Principal Officer # 2**—March 13, 2015: A Foreign Service officer since 2003 who was temporarily assigned to Benghazi from early March to mid-June 2012. This officer was present when an explosive was detonated at the compound wall and when there was an assassination attempt
made against the British Ambassador. At times, the officer was protected by a single Diplomatic Security agent.

**Principal Officer # 3**—March 26, 2015: A Foreign Service officer since 1991, he temporarily served as the Principal Officer in Benghazi from July through August 2012. He was present for the Libyan elections and then witnessed and reported on the declining security environment in Benghazi that followed.

**Principal Officer # 4**—May 8, 2015: A Foreign Service officer since 2002, he went to Tripoli in June 2012 on a permanent assignment to be the political reporting officer. He served as the Principal Officer in Benghazi from September 1 through September 10, 2012, departing Benghazi on the morning of September 11. He returned to Tripoli and was present in the operations center during the attacks and following the attacks, met with the surviving agents.

**EMBASSY TRIPOLI**


**Polachik, Joan**—August 12, 2015: Deputy Chief of Mission for Libya from 2009 through mid-June 2012. With the departure of Ambassador Cretz in December 2010, she was the highest ranking Foreign Service officer in Libya, known as the Chargé d’Affaires or Chargé.

**Hicks, Gregory**—April 14, 2016: Deputy Chief of Mission for Libya, arriving in Libya on July 31, 2012.

**“MAIN STATE” OFFICIALS**

**Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs**

**Feltman, Jeffrey**—December 8, 2015: Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs from August 2009 until his retirement in May 2012. In February 2008, he was appointed the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary in the Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs and as of December 2008, served concurrently as Acting Assistant Secretary of State for the Bureau.

Deputy Director, Office of Maghreb Affairs, Near Eastern Affairs Bureau—December 17, 2015: A Foreign Service officer since 1999, served as the Deputy Director for the Office of Maghreb Affairs within the Near Eastern Affairs Bureau, known as NEA/MAG, from 2011 to 2013. NEA/MAG was responsible for oversight and coordination of diplomatic activities of the U.S. Government within the countries in the region.

Senior Libyan Desk Officer, Office of Maghreb Affairs, Near Eastern Affairs Bureau—November 18, 2015: A career Foreign Service officer, served as the Senior Libya Desk officer in the Office of the Maghreb Affairs within the Near Eastern Affairs Bureau, known as NEA/MAG, from 2011 to 2014. NEA/MAG was responsible for diplomatic policy issues arising in the North Africa countries of Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, and Libya.


Senior Advisor for Strategic Communications, Near Eastern Affairs Bureau—July 29, 2015: A career Foreign Service officer who, in 2012, served as deputy spokesperson for the Near Eastern Affairs Bureau and then transitioned in the Bureau to be the Senior Advisor for Strategic Communications.

Post Management Officer for Libya—July 23, 2015: From 2010 through June 2012, was the Post Management Officer or logistical officer for Libya within the Executive Office in the Near Eastern Affairs Bureau, known as NEA/SCA/EX. From 2011 through June 2012, this officer focused nearly exclusively on Libya matters. The Post Management Officer reports to the Executive Director or “EX” who is charged with overseeing all administrative and management activities for the bureau and for Foreign Service posts in the region and develops and executes programs for the bureau in support of substantive policy decisions.

U.S. Mission to the United Nations
**DiCarlo, Rosemary**—August 11, 2015: From 2008 until retirement in September 2014, held various positions for the State Department at the U.S. Mission to the United Nations. The U.S. Mission to the United Nations [USUN] serves as the United States’ delegation to the United Nations. At the time of the Benghazi attack, was the Deputy Permanent Representative (to Susan Rice), then the Permanent Representative to the USUN.


**Pelton, Erin**—February 11, 2016: At the time of the Benghazi attacks, was the communications director and spokesperson for the U.S. Permanent Representative to the United Nations, where she had been in that position less than two months. Immediately prior to this position, was director of communications and assistant press secretary for the National Security Council at the White House.

*Speechwriters*

**Dan Schwerin**—October 9, 2015: Speechwriter for the Secretary of State between 2009 and early 2013.

**Megan Rooney**—October 9, 2015: Speechwriter for the Secretary of State between 2009 and early 2013.

*Records Management*

**Agency Records Officer**—June 30, 2015: At the time of the interview was the Division Chief of the Records and Archives Management Division and was the designated agency records officer for the Department of State.

**Director, Information Resource Management, Executive Secretariat, Office of the Secretary**—June 30, 2015: Until his retirement in November 2012, was the Director of the Office of Information Resource Management within the Office of the Secretary’s Executive Secretariat, where he oversaw the information technology division exclusively used by the Office of the Secretary and senior leaders within the State Department.
Pagliano, Bryan—September 5, 2015: From May 2009 to February 2013, was a special advisor within the information technology section known as the Information Resource Management Bureau for bureaus and offices other than the Office of the Secretary. He continued to work as a contractor for the State Department until March 2016.

CONTRACTORS

Sterling Contractor # 1—February 26, 2016: Worked for Sterling International (now Sterling Global Operations) in Libya on a weapons removal and abatement program for the State Department. Was in Benghazi on the night of the attacks.

Sterling Contractor # 2—March 31, 2016: Worked for Sterling International (now Sterling Global Operations) in Libya on a weapons removal and abatement program for the State Department. Was in Benghazi on the night of the attacks.

Locally Employed Staff—March 22, 2016: Was a contract employee in Benghazi, Libya for the State Department.

OTHER

Contracting Official—August 27, 2015: A procurement and contracting specialist at the State Department, who in May 2012 began supporting Diplomatic Services and local guard programs. This official was involved in management of the contract with Blue Mountain Group for local guard service in Benghazi.

Managing Director, Office of Management Policy, Rightsizing and Innovation—March 4, 2016: Since 1997, has been with the Office of Management, Policy, Rightsizing and Innovation, an office that works directly for the Under Secretary for Management. Since 1999, has been assigned the duty of managing the Accountability Review Board [ARB] process. This official has worked on 11 ARBs, including the Benghazi ARB.

SENIOR LEADERS

Mills, Cheryl—September 3, 2015: Chief of Staff and Counselor to the Secretary of State from May 2009 until February 2013.

Sullivan, Jacob—September 4, 2015: Served as Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy for the Secretary of State beginning in January 2009 and also
served as the Director of Policy Planning beginning in February 2011. He left the State Department and both positions in February 2013.

Abedin, Huma—October 16, 2015: Served as Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations for the Secretary of State from January 2009 through February 2013.

Nides, Thomas—December 16, 2015: Joined the State Department in January 2011 to serve as the Deputy Secretary for Management and Resources, a position he held until February 2013. Similar to a chief operating officer, the Deputy Secretary for Management and Resources has overall responsibility for resource allocation and management activities at the State Department.


Kennedy, Patrick—February 3, 2016: Has been the Under Secretary for Management since 2007 and has been a career Foreign Service officer since 1973. The Under Secretary for Management is responsible for finances, budgets and contracting, resources (both personnel and facilities), logistics, and security for Department of State overseas and domestic operations.

OTHER COMMITTEES’ ACTIVITIES

The Select Committee also had available transcripts of hearings, briefings, and interviews from other committees, including interview transcripts from:

Bacigalupo, James—Regional Director, Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs, Bureau of Diplomatic Security

Boswell, Eric—Assistant Secretary of State for Diplomatic Security

Bultrowicz, Scott—Director, Diplomatic Security Service and Principal Deputy Secretary of State for the Bureau of Diplomatic Security

Dibble, Elizabeth—Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs
Diplomatic Security Agent # 3—Special Agent, Bureau of Diplomatic Security and Regional Security Officer in Benghazi, Libya

Diplomatic Security Agent # 19—Special Agent, Bureau of Diplomatic Security who served temporarily in Benghazi

Diplomatic Security Agent # 23—Special Agent, Bureau of Diplomatic Security and Regional Security Officer in Tripoli, Libya on the night of the attacks

Diplomatic Security Agent # 24—Special Agent, Bureau of Diplomatic Security and former Regional Security Officer in Tripoli, Libya

Diplomatic Security Agent # 25—Special Agent, Bureau of Diplomatic Security and Libya Desk Officer, International Programs, Bureau of Diplomatic Security

Hicks, Gregory—former Deputy Chief of Mission, Libya

Jones, Elizabeth—Acting Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs

Lamb, Charlene—Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for International Programs, Bureau of Diplomatic Security

Lohman, Lee—Executive Director, Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs

Maxwell, Raymond—Deputy Assistant Secretary for Maghreb Affairs, Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs

Mullen, Michael (Adm.)—Vice Chairman, Benghazi Accountability Review Board

Nuland, Victoria—Spokesperson, Department of State

Pickering, Thomas—Chairman, Benghazi Accountability Review Board

Roebuck, William—Director, Office of Maghreb Affairs, Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs

Special Assistant to Under Secretary Patrick Kennedy

Sullivan, Jacob—Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and Director, Office of Policy Planning
Intelligence Community Officials

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Headquarters

Petraeus, David—January 6, 2016, and March 19, 2016: Director of the Central Intelligence Agency from September 2011 to November 2012. At the time of the attacks, the CIA had personnel in Benghazi and Tripoli. The CIA’s Annex facility in Benghazi was attacked on September 11-12, 2012, following the attack on the State Department facility.

Morell, Michael—September 28, 2015: Joined the Central Intelligence Agency in 1980 and was its Deputy Director from May 2010 to August 2013. At the time of the attacks, the CIA had personnel in Benghazi and Tripoli. The CIA’s Annex facility in Benghazi was attacked on September 11-12, 2012, following the attack on the State Department facility. Deputy Director Morell edited the highly criticized talking points that were developed after the attacks.

Director, Office of Terrorism Analysis—November 13, 2015: The Office of Terrorism Analysis, part of the CIA’s Counterterrorism Center, develops and disseminates analytical pieces regarding known and suspected terrorist acts and actors. OTA developed and disseminated analytical reports immediately after the Benghazi attacks.

Chief of Operations, Near East Division—December 10, 2015: Head of the CIA’s headquarter coordination and support office for operations in the Middle East and Africa, which included Libya.

Team Chief, Office of Terrorism Analysis—February 10, 2016: Leader of the team that produced analytical pieces. Was involved in the Benghazi post-attack analytical reporting.

Benghazi

GRS # 1—May 22, 2015: A member of the Global Response Staff [GRS] who responded to the State Department facility when it was attacked and was present when the Annex facility was attacked.

GRS # 2—May 27, 2015: A member of the GRS who was present when the Annex facility was attacked.
GRS # 3—May 29, 2015: A member of the GRS who responded to the State Department facility when it was attacked and was present when the Annex facility was attacked.

GRS # 4—March 1, 2016: A member of the GRS who responded to the State Department facility when it was attacked and was present when the Annex facility was attacked.

GRS # 5—May 24, 2016: A member of the GRS who responded to the State Department facility when it was attacked and was present when the Annex facility was attacked.

GRS-Team Lead—April 19, 2016: The leader of the Benghazi Global Response Staff [GRS] who responded to the State Department facility when it was attacked and was present when the Annex facility was attacked.

Chief of Base—November 19, 2015: The head of the U.S.-based intelligence group at Benghazi Base who was present for the attacks on September 11-12, 2012.

Deputy Chief of Base—June 4, 2015: The second-in-command of the U.S.-based intelligence group at Benghazi Base and was present for the attacks on September 11-12, 2012.

Officer A—March 2, 2016: Part of the U.S.-based intelligence group at Benghazi Base and was present for the attacks on September 11-12, 2012.

Officer B—April 23, 2015: Part of the U.S.-based intelligence group at Benghazi Base but who had traveled from Benghazi on the morning of September 11, 2012.

Officer C—June 19, 2015: Part of the U.S.-based intelligence group at Benghazi Base and was present for the attacks on September 11-12, 2012.

Tripoli

GRS Tripoli—June 23, 2015: A member of the Tripoli-based Global Response Staff (GRS) who became part of Team Tripoli and responded to Benghazi when the State Department facility attacked and was present when the Annex Base in Benghazi was attacked.
Chief of Station—July 16, 2015: A Chief of Station is the lead CIA official stationed in a foreign country and is responsible for the U.S.-based intelligence group.

Other

CIA Official—June 2, 2015: In September 2012, this official was serving in Europe on the night of the attacks and played a role in responding to the attacks.

The Select Committee also had available to review information from the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence including transcripts of hearings, briefings, and interviews of agency heads, senior officials and other individuals from the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, Central Intelligence Agency, National Counterterrorism Center, Department of State, Department of Defense, National Security Agency, and Federal Bureau of Investigation.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Olsen, Matthew—February 16, 2016: Director of the National Counterterrorism Center [NCTC] from August 2011 through July 2014. A part of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, NCTC oversees analysts from other federal agencies, including the CIA, the FBI, and the Department of Defense to collect, analyze and disseminate counterterrorism threat information and intelligence.

ODNI Analyst—April 29, 2016: Was involved in the production of the first analytical piece generated in the wake of the Benghazi attacks.

DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Flynn, Michael (Lt. Gen)—September 29, 2015: Served as the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency at the time of the attack. Provided information on the intelligence picture before and after the attack.

Department of Defense

Panetta, Leon—January 8, 2016: Served as the Secretary of Defense at the time of the attacks. He provided information on the President’s direction to him, which forces he ordered to deploy, and when he gave the order to deploy those forces.
Bash, Jeremy—January 13, 2016: Served as Chief of Staff to the Secretary of Defense and was a liaison between the Defense Department and the State Department. He provided information about which forces were identified to be deployed on the night of the attack. He also participated in a meeting with the White House and the State Department on the evening of September 11.

Breedlove, Philip M. (Gen.)—April 7, 2016: Served as the Commander of the United States Air Forces in Europe at the time of the attacks. He provided information regarding the available transport aircraft on the night of the attack, when those aircraft were ordered to deploy, and when those aircraft deployed.

Ham, Carter (Gen.)—June 8, 2016: Served as Commander for Military Operations United States Africa Command [AFRICOM] at the time of the attacks. He provided insight into the decisions made at the Pentagon and AFRICOM regarding the attacks.

Kelly, John (Gen.)—March 23, 2016: At the time of the attacks, served as the Senior Military Assistant to the Secretary of Defense. Provided information regarding meetings and decisions made at the Pentagon in response to the attack.

Landolt, Richard B. (Rear Adm.)—May 5, 2016: Served as Director of Operations and Cyber, United States Africa Command (AFRICOM) at the time of the attacks. He provided information regarding meetings and decisions made at AFRICOM.

Leidig, Jr., Charles J. (Vice Adm.)—April 22, 2016: At the time of the attacks, served as Deputy Commander for Military Operations United States Africa Command [AFRICOM]. He provided information regarding meetings and decisions made at AFRICOM.

Losey, Brian (Rear Adm.)—June 16, 2016: Served as Commander, Special Operations Command–Africa in September 2012. He provided information regarding meetings and decisions made at SOC-AF.

Miller, James (Ph.D.)—May 10, 2016: At the time of the attacks, served as Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, a principal advisor to the Secretary of Defense on matters of national security and defense policy.

Mordente, Patrick (Gen.)—April 28, 2016: Served as Deputy Director of Operations and Plans at TRANSCOM in September 2012. He provid-
ed information regarding the C-17 aircraft that evacuated the wounded and deceased from Tripoli.

**Repass, Michael S. (Maj. Gen.)**—April 15, 2016: Served as the Commander of Special Operations Command Europe at the time of the attack. He provided information regarding when the Commander’s in-Extremis Force [CIF] was ordered to deploy, when it deployed, and any delays in deploying the CIF.

**Tidd, Kurt (Vice Adm.)**—April 4, 2016: Served as the Director of Operations (J3) for the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Provided information regarding when the forces were ordered to deploy, who set the N-hour for those forces, and any issues he was made aware of regarding those forces deploying. N-hour specifies a time that commences formal notification to a rapid response unit and requires deployment within a specified time.

**Winnefeld, Jr., James (Adm.)**—March 3, 2016: Served as the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff at the time of the attack. He provided information regarding the Pentagon’s response to the attack.

**CIF Commander**—August 26, 2015: The Commander’s in-Extremis Force [CIF] is at a Combatant Commander's disposal for rapid deployment. The CIF Commander provided information about when his team received their orders, when they were ready to deploy, and when they left Croatia for Libya.

**C-17 Pilot**—March 16, 2016: Piloted the C-17 aircraft that was deployed from Ramstein Airbase to Tripoli, Libya to evacuate US personnel. He provided information regarding when he received his orders, and when he deployed.

**Defense Attaché**—June 17, 2016: Served as Defense Attaché at U.S. Embassy Tripoli, Libya, in September 2012.

**Drone Pilot # 1**—May 25, 2016: This remotely piloted aircraft pilot operated a remotely piloted aircraft, commonly known as a drone, over Benghazi during the attacks.

**Drone Pilot # 2**—May 25, 2016: This remotely piloted aircraft pilot operated a remotely piloted aircraft, commonly known as a drone, over Benghazi during the attacks.
**FAST Commander**—September 2, 2015: The Marine Corps’ Fleet Antiterrorism Security Team [FAST] is a special operations team on standby to respond to US government interests and to temporarily augment existing security. The FAST Commander was in charge of the FAST Team ordered to deploy to Tripoli. He provided information about when his team received their orders, when they were ready to deploy, and when they actually deployed.

**Sensor Operator # 1**—June 9, 2016: Operated the sensor controls on a remotely piloted aircraft, commonly known as a drone, flown over Benghazi during the attacks.

**Sensor Operator # 2**—June 9, 2016: Operated the sensor controls on a remotely piloted aircraft, commonly known as a drone, flown over Benghazi during the attacks.

**DOD Special Operator**—September 22, 2015: One of two Special Forces operators who responded as part of Team Tripoli to Benghazi as the attacks occurred and were present at the Benghazi Base when the mortar attacks occurred.

**Tripoli Analyst**—November 10, 2015: An analyst with the Defense Intelligence Agency who was assigned in Tripoli and present in Tripoli during the attacks and was involved in intelligence collection and reporting in Libya.

The Select Committee also had available to it transcripts of hearings, briefings, and interviews from other committees, including interview transcripts from:

Ham, Carter (Gen.)—Commander for Military Operations, United States Africa Command [AFRICOM]

Landolt, Richard B. (Rear Adm.)—Director of Operations and Cyber, AFRICOM

Leidig, Jr, Charles J. (Vice Adm.) —Deputy to the Commander for Military Operations, AFRICOM

Losey, Brian (Rear Adm.)—Commander, Special Operations Command – Africa [SOCAFRICA]
Tidd, Kurt (Vice Adm.)—Assistant to the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Zobrist, Scott (Brig. Gen.) —Wing Commander, 31st Fighter Wing, Aviano Air Base, Italy

White House

Fishman, Benjamin—January 12, 2016: A staff member of the National Security Council who, beginning in April 2011, handled Libya matters and who continuously coordinated with the State Department, including Envoy/Ambassador Stevens, and other executive branch agencies regarding Libya.

Meehan, Bernadette—December 18, 2015: Deputy Spokesperson for the National Security Council (NSC) at the White House at the time of the attack. A Foreign Service Officer with the State Department since 2004, was detailed, meaning on loan to, the National Security Council (NSC) as of July 2012.

Rhodes, Benjamin—February 2, 2016: Assistant to the President and Deputy National Security Advisor for Strategic Communications and Speechwriting.

Other

Blumenthal, Sidney—June 16, 2015: Longtime friend and confidant of Hillary R. Clinton. Blumenthal sent her numerous “intelligence reports” and other advice on Libya.

Chorin, Ethan—March 10, 2016: Co-director of a non-profit organization that envisioned building relationships between U.S. medical centers and Benghazi medical centers who was in Benghazi at the time of the attack. He was to meet with Ambassador Stevens on September 12, 2012. He is also a former State Department Foreign Service Officer who had been assigned to Libya in 2004-2006 and is an author on books and articles on Libya.